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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/804,272	03/18/2004	Boon Keat Tan	70040133-1	7457
Ayago Tachno	7590 04/17/200		EXAMINER	
Avago Technologies, Ltd. P.O. Box 1920			YAM, STEPHEN K	
Denver, CO 80	201-1920		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2878	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		04/17/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		10/804,272	TAN ET AL.		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Stephen Yam	2878		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport		the correspondence address		
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any:	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Designs of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing datent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH: e, cause the application to become ABAN	TION.  be timely filed  S from the mailing date of this communication.  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠ 2a)⊠ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 F</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under B	s action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters			
Disposit	ion of Claims	,			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The specification is objected.	cepted or b) objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance ction is required if the drawing(s)	. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
2)  Notice 3) Infor	et(s)  ce of References Cited (PTO-892)  ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/N	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date rmal Patent Application		

Page 2

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is in response to Amendments and remarks filed on February 1, 2007. Claims 1-12 are currently pending.

### **Double Patenting**

1. Claims 1-12 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11 of copending Application No. 10/804,286. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it is well known in the art to provide a color photodetector in combination with a color filter to detect a color image, and it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine a color photodetector array with the color filter and method of fabricating the color filter disclosed in claims 1-11 of Application No. 10/804,286, to provide accurate color image detection for a camera or optical scanner.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakamoto et al. US Patent No. 5,648,653 in view of Terashita et al. US Patent No. 5,073,008.

Regarding Claim 3, Sakamoto et al. teach (see Fig. 2) a color sensor, comprising a plurality of photodetectors (6a-6c), a plurality of primary color filters (5c-5e), each primary color filter comprising a layer of material overlying a corresponding one of said photodetectors (see Fig. 2), each primary color filter transmitting light in a corresponding band of wavelengths (see Col. 4, lines 30-32) about a characteristic wavelength (red, green, blue), that primary filter transmitting more light at said characteristic wavelength than that primary color filter transmits at a wavelength outside of said band of wavelengths (see Col. 4, lines 30-32), and a first trim filter (4) overlying all of said photodetectors (see Fig. 2), said first trim filter comprising a layer of material that attenuates light at a first trim wavelength (<400nm or >650nm- see Fig. 6-10, 12 and Col. 4, lines 32-35) more than said first trim filter attenuates light at each of two of said characteristic wavelengths (see Fig. 6-10, 12), wherein said first trim filter comprises alternating layers in which adjacent layers have different indices of refraction (see Col. 4, line 57 to Col. 5, line 12) and is an interference filter (see Col. 4, lines 32-35, 57-62 and Col. 5, lines 38-48). Sakamoto et al. do not teach the alternating layers as dielectric layers. Terashita et al. teach (see Fig. 1A, 7, 8) a similar device with a first trim filter (10b/71b) as an interference filter comprising alternating dielectric layers (see Col. 1, lines 46-48, Col. 3, lines 64-67, and Col. 6, lines 27-30, 34-42). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide dielectric layers as the alternating layers, as taught by Terashita et al., in the device of Sakamoto et al., to adjust the absorption characteristics of the interference filter for a desired optical effect, and since it has been held to be within the general skill of a

worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

### Allowable Subject Matter

- 4. Claims 1, 2, and 4-12 would be allowable by overcoming the provisional double-patenting rejection set forth in this Office Action.
- 5. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Regarding Claims 1 and 9, the invention as claimed, specifically in combination with a plurality of primary color filters transmitting light about a characteristic wavelength, and a filter layer comprising a layer of material that attenuates light at a first trim wavelength more than it attenuates light at each of two of said characteristic wavelengths, wherein said first trim wavelength is between said two of said characteristic wavelengths, is not disclosed or made obvious by the prior art of record.

### Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed February 1, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Regarding Applicant's arguments to the double patenting rejection, Applicant argues that Examiner had not pointed to any motivation supported by the prior art of record for combining the specific filters in Claims 1-11 of the co-pending application with the color sensor or color sensor fabrication methods of the current invention. Examiner asserts that motivation was

Art Unit: 2878

provided in the double patenting rejections in both the previous and current Office Actions to combine a color photodetector array with the claimed color filter, in order to provide accurate color image detection for a camera or optical scanner. Since Applicant has already asserted that benefits exist for providing conventional filters for color sensors ("... provides any benefits beyond those provided by the conventional filters used in photodetectors" in Page 5 of Applicant's 2/1/2007 response), such benefits will also apply for combining the filter disclosed in the co-pending application with a color sensor to arrive at the current invention.

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claim 3 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

Art Unit: 2878

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Yam whose telephone number is (571)272-2449. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on (571)272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.



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